HOME REPORT

MAINS OF AUCHINDACHY

KEITH AB55 5HT



ENERGY PERFORMANCE CERTIFICATE



Energy Performance Certificate (EPC)

Dwellings

Scotland

MAINS OF AUCHINDACHY FARMHOUSE, KEITH, AB55 5HT

Dwelling type:Detached houseDate of assessment:23 October 2024Date of certificate:29 October 2024

Total floor area: 286 m²

Primary Energy Indicator: 401 kWh/m²/year

Reference number: 9102-2027-3503-2524-2171 **Type of assessment:** RdSAP, existing dwelling

Approved Organisation: Elmhurst

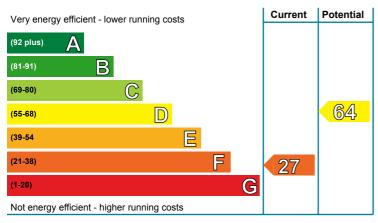
Main heating and fuel: Boiler and radiators, oil

You can use this document to:

- . Compare current ratings of properties to see which are more energy efficient and environmentally friendly
- Find out how to save energy and money and also reduce CO₂ emissions by improving your home

Estimated energy costs for your home for 3 years*	£22,551	See your recommendations
Over 3 years you could save*	£8,259	report for more information

^{*} based upon the cost of energy for heating, hot water, lighting and ventilation, calculated using standard assumptions

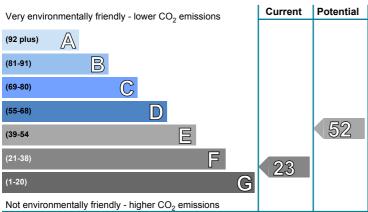


Energy Efficiency Rating

This graph shows the current efficiency of your home, taking into account both energy efficiency and fuel costs. The higher this rating, the lower your fuel bills are likely to be.

Your current rating is **band F (27)**. The average rating for EPCs in Scotland is **band D (61)**.

The potential rating shows the effect of undertaking all of the improvement measures listed within your recommendations report.



Environmental Impact (CO₂) Rating

This graph shows the effect of your home on the environment in terms of carbon dioxide (CO_2) emissions. The higher the rating, the less impact it has on the environment.

Your current rating is **band F (23)**. The average rating for EPCs in Scotland is **band D (59)**.

The potential rating shows the effect of undertaking all of the improvement measures listed within your recommendations report.

Top actions you can take to save money and make your home more efficient

Recommended measures	Indicative cost	Typical savings over 3 years
1 Room-in-roof insulation	£1,500 - £2,700	£2460.00
2 Internal or external wall insulation	£4,000 - £14,000	£3972.00
3 Floor insulation (suspended floor)	£800 - £1,200	£747.00

A full list of recommended improvement measures for your home, together with more information on potential cost and savings and advice to help you carry out improvements can be found in your recommendations report.

To find out more about the recommended measures and other actions you could take today to stop wasting energy and money, visit greenerscotland.org or contact Home Energy Scotland on 0808 808 2282.

THIS PAGE IS THE ENERGY PERFORMANCE CERTIFICATE WHICH MUST BE AFFIXED TO THE DWELLING AND NOT BE REMOVED UNLESS IT IS REPLACED WITH AN UPDATED CERTIFICATE

Summary of the energy performance related features of this home

This table sets out the results of the survey which lists the current energy-related features of this home. Each element is assessed by the national calculation methodology; 1 star = very poor (least efficient), 2 stars = poor, 3 stars = average, 4 stars = good and 5 stars = very good (most efficient). The assessment does not take into consideration the condition of an element and how well it is working. 'Assumed' means that the insulation could not be inspected and an assumption has been made in the methodology, based on age and type of construction.

Element	Description	Energy Efficiency	Environmental
Walls	Sandstone or limestone, as built, no insulation (assumed)	****	***
Roof	Pitched, 200 mm loft insulation Pitched, no insulation (assumed) Roof room(s), no insulation (assumed)	**** ***** ***	**** ***** ****
Floor	Suspended, no insulation (assumed) Solid, no insulation (assumed)	_ _	_ _
Windows	Mostly double glazing	***	***
Main heating	Boiler and radiators, oil	***	★★★ ☆
Main heating controls	Programmer, room thermostat and TRVs	****	★★★ ☆
Secondary heating	Room heaters, dual fuel (mineral and wood)	_	_
Hot water	Oil range cooker	***	***
Lighting	Low energy lighting in 65% of fixed outlets	****	★★★ ☆

The energy efficiency rating of your home

Your Energy Efficiency Rating is calculated using the standard UK methodology, RdSAP. This calculates energy used for heating, hot water, lighting and ventilation and then applies fuel costs to that energy use to give an overall rating for your home. The rating is given on a scale of 1 to 100. Other than the cost of fuel for electrical appliances and for cooking, a building with a rating of 100 would cost almost nothing to run.

As we all use our homes in different ways, the energy rating is calculated using standard occupancy assumptions which may be different from the way you use it. The rating also uses national weather information to allow comparison between buildings in different parts of Scotland. However, to make information more relevant to your home, local weather data is used to calculate your energy use, CO₂ emissions, running costs and the savings possible from making improvements.

The impact of your home on the environment

One of the biggest contributors to global warming is carbon dioxide. The energy we use for heating, lighting and power in our homes produces over a quarter of the UK's carbon dioxide emissions. Different fuels produce different amounts of carbon dioxide for every kilowatt hour (kWh) of energy used. The Environmental Impact Rating of your home is calculated by applying these 'carbon factors' for the fuels you use to your overall energy use.

The calculated emissions for your home are 103 kg $CO_2/m^2/yr$.

The average Scottish household produces about 6 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Based on this assessment, heating and lighting this home currently produces approximately 30 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Adopting recommendations in this report can reduce emissions and protect the environment. If you were to install all of these recommendations this could reduce emissions by 14 tonnes per year. You could reduce emissions even more by switching to renewable energy sources.

Estimated energy costs for this home

	Current energy costs	Potential energy costs	Potential future savings
Heating	£20,871 over 3 years	£13,218 over 3 years	
Hot water	£963 over 3 years	£546 over 3 years	You could
Lighting	£717 over 3 years	£528 over 3 years	save £8,259
Т	otals £22,551	£14,292	over 3 years

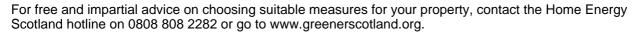
These figures show how much the average household would spend in this property for heating, lighting and hot water. This excludes energy use for running appliances such as TVs, computers and cookers, and the benefits of any electricity generated by this home (for example, from photovoltaic panels). The potential savings in energy costs show the effect of undertaking all of the recommended measures listed below.

Recommendations for improvement

The measures below will improve the energy and environmental performance of this dwelling. The performance ratings after improvements listed below are cumulative; that is, they assume the improvements have been installed in the order that they appear in the table. Further information about the recommended measures and other simple actions to take today to save money is available from the Home Energy Scotland hotline which can be contacted on 0808 808 2282. Before carrying out work, make sure that the appropriate permissions are obtained, where necessary. This may include permission from a landlord (if you are a tenant) or the need to get a Building Warrant for certain types of work.

Recommended measures		Indicative cost	Typical saving	Rating after improvement	
		indicative cost	per year	Energy	Environment
1	Room-in-roof insulation	£1,500 - £2,700	£820	F 33	F 28
2	Internal or external wall insulation	£4,000 - £14,000	£1324	E 45	F 38
3	Floor insulation (suspended floor)	£800 - £1,200	£249	E 47	E 40
4	Floor insulation (solid floor)	£4,000 - £6,000	£187	E 49	E 41
5	Low energy lighting for all fixed outlets	£55	£52	E 50	E 42
6	Solar water heating	£4,000 - £6,000	£120	E 52	E 43
7	Solar photovoltaic panels, 2.5 kWp	£3,500 - £5,500	£395	D 56	E 46
8	Wind turbine	£15,000 - £25,000	£1025	D 64	E 52

Choosing the right improvement package





About the recommended measures to improve your home's performance rating

This section offers additional information and advice on the recommended improvement measures for your home

1 Room-in-roof insulation

Insulating roof rooms will significantly reduce heat loss; this will improve levels of comfort, reduce energy use and lower fuel bills. If it has a flat ceiling insulation can usually be added above the ceiling, and sloping ceilings and walls of roof rooms can be insulated using an internal lining board. Roof voids must have adequate ventilation to prevent dampness; seek advice about this if unsure. Further information about roof room insulation and details of local contractors can be obtained from the National Insulation Association (www.nationalinsulationassociation.org.uk). Building regulations generally apply to this work so it is best to check this with your local authority building standards department.

2 Internal or external wall insulation

Internal or external wall insulation involves adding a layer of insulation to either the inside or the outside surface of the external walls, which reduces heat loss and lowers fuel bills. As it is more expensive than cavity wall insulation it is only recommended for walls without a cavity, or where for technical reasons a cavity cannot be filled. Internal insulation, known as dry-lining, is where a layer of insulation is fixed to the inside surface of external walls; this type of insulation is best applied when rooms require redecorating. External solid wall insulation is the application of an insulant and a weather-protective finish to the outside of the wall. This may improve the look of the home, particularly where existing brickwork or rendering is poor, and will provide long-lasting weather protection. Further information can be obtained from the National Insulation Association (www.nationalinsulationassociation.org.uk). It should be noted that a building warrant is required for the installation of external wall insulation. Planning permission may also be required and that building regulations apply to external insulation so it is best to check with your local authority on both issues.

3 Floor insulation (suspended floor)

Insulation of a floor will significantly reduce heat loss; this will improve levels of comfort, reduce energy use and lower fuel bills. Suspended floors can often be insulated from below but must have adequate ventilation to prevent dampness; seek advice about this if unsure. Further information about floor insulation is available from many sources including www.energysavingtrust.org.uk/scotland/Insulation/Floor-insulation. Building regulations generally apply to this work so it is best to check with your local authority building standards department.

4 Floor insulation (solid floor)

Insulation of a floor will significantly reduce heat loss; this will improve levels of comfort, reduce energy use and lower fuel bills. Insulating solid floors can present challenges; insulation laid on top of existing solid floors may impact on existing doors and finishes whilst lifting of a solid floor to insert insulation below will require consideration of the potential effect on both structural stability and damp proofing. It is advised to seek advice from a Chartered Structural Engineer or a registered Architect about this if unsure. Further information about floor insulation is available from many sources including www.energysavingtrust.org.uk/scotland/Insulation/Floor-insulation. Building regulations generally apply to this work and may also require a building warrant so it is best to check with your local authority building standards department.

5 Low energy lighting

Replacement of traditional light bulbs with energy saving bulbs will reduce lighting costs over the lifetime of the bulb, and they last many times longer than ordinary light bulbs. Low energy lamps and fittings are now commonplace and readily available. Information on energy efficiency lighting can be found from a wide range of organisations, including the Energy Saving Trust (http://www.energysavingtrust.org.uk/home-energy-efficiency/lighting).

6 Solar water heating

A solar water heating panel, usually fixed to the roof, uses the sun to pre-heat the hot water supply. This can significantly reduce the demand on the heating system to provide hot water and hence save fuel and money. Planning permission might be required, building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to check these with your local authority. You could be eligible for Renewable Heat Incentive payments which could appreciably increase the savings beyond those shown on your EPC, provided that both the product and the installer are certified by the Microgeneration Certification Scheme (or equivalent). Details of local MCS installers are available at www.microgenerationcertification.org.

7 Solar photovoltaic (PV) panels

A solar PV system is one which converts light directly into electricity via panels placed on the roof with no waste and no emissions. This electricity is used throughout the home in the same way as the electricity purchased from an energy supplier. Planning permission might be required, building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to check with your local authority. The assessment does not include the effect of any Feed-in Tariff which could appreciably increase the savings that are shown on this EPC for solar photovoltaic panels, provided that both the product and the installer are certified by the Microgeneration Certification Scheme (or equivalent). Details of local MCS installers are available at www.microgenerationcertification.org.

8 Wind turbine

A wind turbine provides electricity from wind energy. This electricity is used throughout the home in the same way as the electricity purchased from an energy supplier. Wind turbines are not suitable for all properties. The system's effectiveness depends on local wind speeds and the presence of nearby obstructions, and a site survey should be undertaken by an accredited installer. Planning permission might be required and building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to check these with your local authority. The assessment does not include the effect of any Feed-in Tariff which could appreciably increase the savings that are shown on this EPC for a wind turbine, provided that both the product and the installer are certified by the Microgeneration Certification Scheme (or equivalent). Details of local MCS installers are available at www.microgenerationcertification.org.

Low and zero carbon energy sources

Low and zero carbon (LZC) energy sources are sources of energy that release either very little or no carbon dioxide into the atmosphere when they are used. Installing these sources may help reduce energy bills as well as cutting carbon.

LZC energy sources present: There are none provided for this home

Your home's heat demand

In this section, you can see how much energy you might need to heat your home and provide hot water. These are estimates showing how an average household uses energy. These estimates may not reflect your actual energy use, which could be higher or lower. You might spend more money on heating and hot water if your house is less energy efficient. The table below shows the potential benefit of having your loft and walls insulated. Visit https://energysavingtrust.org.uk/energy-at-home for more information.

Heat demand	Existing dwelling	Impact of loft insulation	Impact of cavity wall insulation	Impact of solid wall insulation
Space heating (kWh per year)	75,866	(4,384)	N/A	(14,515)
Water heating (kWh per year)	3,383			

Addendum

This dwelling has stone walls and so requires further investigation to establish whether these walls are of cavity construction and to determine which type of wall insulation is best suited.

About this document

This Recommendations Report and the accompanying Energy Performance Certificate are valid for a maximum of ten years. These documents cease to be valid where superseded by a more recent assessment of the same building carried out by a member of an Approved Organisation.

The Energy Performance Certificate and this Recommendations Report for this building were produced following an energy assessment undertaken by an assessor accredited by Elmhurst (www.elmhurstenergy.co.uk), an Approved Organisation Appointed by Scottish Ministers. The certificate has been produced under the Energy Performance of Buildings (Scotland) Regulations 2008 from data lodged to the Scottish EPC register. You can verify the validity of this document by visiting www.scottishepcregister.org.uk and entering the report reference number (RRN) printed at the top of this page.

Assessor's name: Mr. Michael McDonald

Assessor membership number: EES/009379

Company name/trading name: D M Hall Chartered Surveyors LLP

Address: 27 High Street

Toryglen Elgin IV30 1EE

Phone number: 01343 548501

Email address: michael.mcdonald@dmhall.co.uk

Related party disclosure: No related party

If you have any concerns regarding the content of this report or the service provided by your assessor you should in the first instance raise these matters with your assessor and with the Approved Organisation to which they belong. All Approved Organisations are required to publish their complaints and disciplinary procedures and details can be found online at the web address given above.

Use of this energy performance information

Once lodged by your EPC assessor, this Energy Performance Certificate and Recommendations Report are available to view online at www.scottishepcregister.org.uk, with the facility to search for any single record by entering the property address. This gives everyone access to any current, valid EPC except where a property has a Green Deal Plan, in which case the report reference number (RRN) must first be provided. The energy performance data in these documents, together with other building information gathered during the assessment is held on the Scottish EPC Register and is available to authorised recipients, including organisations delivering energy efficiency and carbon reduction initiatives on behalf of the Scottish and UK governments. A range of data from all assessments undertaken in Scotland is also published periodically by the Scottish Government. Further information on these matters and on Energy Performance Certificates in general, can be found at www.gov.scot/epc.

Advice and support to improve this property

There is support available, which could help you carry out some of the improvements recommended for this property on page 3 and stop wasting energy and money. For more information, visit greenerscotland.org or contact Home Energy Scotland on 0808 808 2282.

Home Energy Scotland's independent and expert advisors can offer free and impartial advice on all aspects of energy efficiency, renewable energy and more.

HOMEENERGYSCOTLAND.ORG
0808 808 2282
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Energy Performance Certificate (EPC)

Dwellings

Scotland

The Wee House, Mains of Auchindachy, Keith, Moray, AB55 5HT

Dwelling type: Detached bungalow
Date of assessment: 23 October 2024
Date of certificate: 29 October 2024

Total floor area: 41 m²

Primary Energy Indicator: 194 kWh/m²/year

Reference number: 4292-6670-3422-7520-1043 **Type of assessment:** RdSAP, existing dwelling

Approved Organisation: Elmhurst

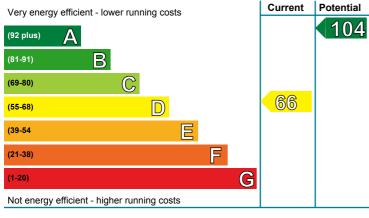
Main heating and fuel: Boiler and radiators, LPG

You can use this document to:

- Compare current ratings of properties to see which are more energy efficient and environmentally friendly
- Find out how to save energy and money and also reduce CO₂ emissions by improving your home

Estimated energy costs for your home for 3 years*	£2,370	See your recommendations
Over 3 years you could save*	£279	report for more information

* based upon the cost of energy for heating, hot water, lighting and ventilation, calculated using standard assumptions

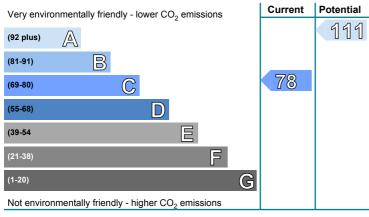


Energy Efficiency Rating

This graph shows the current efficiency of your home, taking into account both energy efficiency and fuel costs. The higher this rating, the lower your fuel bills are likely to be.

Your current rating is **band D (66)**. The average rating for EPCs in Scotland is **band D (61)**.

The potential rating shows the effect of undertaking all of the improvement measures listed within your recommendations report.



Environmental Impact (CO₂) Rating

This graph shows the effect of your home on the environment in terms of carbon dioxide (CO_2) emissions. The higher the rating, the less impact it has on the environment.

Your current rating is **band C (78)**. The average rating for EPCs in Scotland is **band D (59)**.

The potential rating shows the effect of undertaking all of the improvement measures listed within your recommendations report.

Top actions you can take to save money and make your home more efficient

Recommended measures	Indicative cost	Typical savings over 3 years
1 Heating controls (room thermostat)	£350 - £450	£84.00
2 Solar water heating	£4,000 - £6,000	£192.00
3 Wind turbine	£15,000 - £25,000	£3075.00

A full list of recommended improvement measures for your home, together with more information on potential cost and savings and advice to help you carry out improvements can be found in your recommendations report.

To find out more about the recommended measures and other actions you could take today to stop wasting energy and money, visit greenerscotland.org or contact Home Energy Scotland on 0808 808 2282.

THIS PAGE IS THE ENERGY PERFORMANCE CERTIFICATE WHICH MUST BE AFFIXED TO THE DWELLING AND NOT BE REMOVED UNLESS IT IS REPLACED WITH AN UPDATED CERTIFICATE

Summary of the energy performance related features of this home

This table sets out the results of the survey which lists the current energy-related features of this home. Each element is assessed by the national calculation methodology; 1 star = very poor (least efficient), 2 stars = poor, 3 stars = average, 4 stars = good and 5 stars = very good (most efficient). The assessment does not take into consideration the condition of an element and how well it is working. 'Assumed' means that the insulation could not be inspected and an assumption has been made in the methodology, based on age and type of construction.

Element	Description	Energy Efficiency	Environmental
Walls	Timber frame, as built, insulated (assumed)	****	****
Roof	Pitched, 400+ mm loft insulation	****	****
Floor	Solid, insulated (assumed)	_	_
Windows	Fully double glazed	★★★★ ☆	★★★★ ☆
Main heating	Boiler and radiators, LPG	***	★★★★ ☆
Main heating controls	Programmer, TRVs and bypass	***	★★★☆☆
Secondary heating	Room heaters, electric	_	_
Hot water	From main system	***	★★★★ ☆
Lighting	Low energy lighting in all fixed outlets	****	****

The energy efficiency rating of your home

Your Energy Efficiency Rating is calculated using the standard UK methodology, RdSAP. This calculates energy used for heating, hot water, lighting and ventilation and then applies fuel costs to that energy use to give an overall rating for your home. The rating is given on a scale of 1 to 100. Other than the cost of fuel for electrical appliances and for cooking, a building with a rating of 100 would cost almost nothing to run.

As we all use our homes in different ways, the energy rating is calculated using standard occupancy assumptions which may be different from the way you use it. The rating also uses national weather information to allow comparison between buildings in different parts of Scotland. However, to make information more relevant to your home, local weather data is used to calculate your energy use, CO₂ emissions, running costs and the savings possible from making improvements.

The impact of your home on the environment

One of the biggest contributors to global warming is carbon dioxide. The energy we use for heating, lighting and power in our homes produces over a quarter of the UK's carbon dioxide emissions. Different fuels produce different amounts of carbon dioxide for every kilowatt hour (kWh) of energy used. The Environmental Impact Rating of your home is calculated by applying these 'carbon factors' for the fuels you use to your overall energy use.

The calculated emissions for your home are 41 kg CO₂/m²/yr.

The average Scottish household produces about 6 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Based on this assessment, heating and lighting this home currently produces approximately 1.6 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Adopting recommendations in this report can reduce emissions and protect the environment. If you were to install all of these recommendations this could reduce emissions by 2.0 tonnes per year. You could reduce emissions even more by switching to renewable energy sources.

Estimated energy costs for this home

	Current energy costs	Potential energy costs	Potential future savings
Heating	£1,701 over 3 years	£1,614 over 3 years	
Hot water	£510 over 3 years	£318 over 3 years	You could
Lighting	£159 over 3 years	£159 over 3 years	save £279
To	tals £2,370	£2,091	over 3 years

These figures show how much the average household would spend in this property for heating, lighting and hot water. This excludes energy use for running appliances such as TVs, computers and cookers, and the benefits of any electricity generated by this home (for example, from photovoltaic panels). The potential savings in energy costs show the effect of undertaking all of the recommended measures listed below.

Recommendations for improvement

The measures below will improve the energy and environmental performance of this dwelling. The performance ratings after improvements listed below are cumulative; that is, they assume the improvements have been installed in the order that they appear in the table. Further information about the recommended measures and other simple actions to take today to save money is available from the Home Energy Scotland hotline which can be contacted on 0808 808 2282. Before carrying out work, make sure that the appropriate permissions are obtained, where necessary. This may include permission from a landlord (if you are a tenant) or the need to get a Building Warrant for certain types of work.

December ded massages	Indicative cost Typical saving per year	Rating after improvement		
Recommended measures		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Energy	Environment
1 Upgrade heating controls	£350 - £450	£28	D 67	C 79
2 Solar water heating	£4,000 - £6,000	£64	C 71	B 82
3 Wind turbine	£15,000 - £25,000	£1025	A 104	A 111

Choosing the right improvement package



For free and impartial advice on choosing suitable measures for your property, contact the Home Energy Scotland hotline on 0808 808 2282 or go to www.greenerscotland.org.

About the recommended measures to improve your home's performance rating

This section offers additional information and advice on the recommended improvement measures for your home

1 Heating controls (room thermostat)

The heating system should have a room thermostat to enable the boiler to switch off when no heat is required. A competent heating engineer should be asked to do this work. Insist that the thermostat switches off the boiler as well as the pump and that the thermostatic radiator valve is removed from any radiator in the same room as the thermostat. Building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to check with your local authority building standards department and seek advice from a qualified heating engineer.

2 Solar water heating

A solar water heating panel, usually fixed to the roof, uses the sun to pre-heat the hot water supply. This can significantly reduce the demand on the heating system to provide hot water and hence save fuel and money. Planning permission might be required, building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to check these with your local authority. You could be eligible for Renewable Heat Incentive payments which could appreciably increase the savings beyond those shown on your EPC, provided that both the product and the installer are certified by the Microgeneration Certification Scheme (or equivalent). Details of local MCS installers are available at www.microgenerationcertification.org.

3 Wind turbine

A wind turbine provides electricity from wind energy. This electricity is used throughout the home in the same way as the electricity purchased from an energy supplier. Wind turbines are not suitable for all properties. The system's effectiveness depends on local wind speeds and the presence of nearby obstructions, and a site survey should be undertaken by an accredited installer. Planning permission might be required and building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to check these with your local authority. The assessment does not include the effect of any Feed-in Tariff which could appreciably increase the savings that are shown on this EPC for a wind turbine, provided that both the product and the installer are certified by the Microgeneration Certification Scheme (or equivalent). Details of local MCS installers are available at www.microgenerationcertification.org.

Low and zero carbon energy sources

Low and zero carbon (LZC) energy sources are sources of energy that release either very little or no carbon dioxide into the atmosphere when they are used. Installing these sources may help reduce energy bills as well as cutting carbon.

LZC energy sources present:

Solar photovoltaics

Your home's heat demand

In this section, you can see how much energy you might need to heat your home and provide hot water. These are estimates showing how an average household uses energy. These estimates may not reflect your actual energy use, which could be higher or lower. You might spend more money on heating and hot water if your house is less energy efficient. The table below shows the potential benefit of having your loft and walls insulated. Visit https://energysavingtrust.org.uk/energy-at-home for more information.

Heat demand	Existing dwelling	Impact of loft insulation	Impact of cavity wall insulation	Impact of solid wall insulation
Space heating (kWh per year)	3,621	N/A	N/A	N/A
Water heating (kWh per year)	1,554			

Recommendations Report

About this document

This Recommendations Report and the accompanying Energy Performance Certificate are valid for a maximum of ten years. These documents cease to be valid where superseded by a more recent assessment of the same building carried out by a member of an Approved Organisation.

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Assessor's name: Mr. Michael McDonald

Assessor membership number: EES/009379

Company name/trading name: D M Hall Chartered Surveyors LLP

Address: 27 High Street

Toryglen Elgin IV30 1EE 01343 54850

Phone number: 01343 548501

Email address: michael.mcdonald@dmhall.co.uk

Related party disclosure: No related party

If you have any concerns regarding the content of this report or the service provided by your assessor you should in the first instance raise these matters with your assessor and with the Approved Organisation to which they belong. All Approved Organisations are required to publish their complaints and disciplinary procedures and details can be found online at the web address given above.

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Advice and support to improve this property

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Home Energy Scotland's independent and expert advisors can offer free and impartial advice on all aspects of energy efficiency, renewable energy and more.

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0808 808 2282
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SINGLE SURVEY



survey report on:

7 I		
Property address	MAINS OF AUCHINDACHY, KEITH, AB55 5HT	
Customer	Ms Laura Torrance	
Customer address	Mains of Auchindachy, Keith, AB55 5HT	
Prepared by	DM Hall LLP	
Date of inspection	23rd October 2024	



PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 THE SURVEYORS

The Seller has engaged the Surveyors to provide the Single Survey Report and a generic Mortgage Valuation Report for Lending Purposes. The Seller has also engaged the Surveyors to provide an Energy Report in the format prescribed by the accredited Energy Company.

The Surveyors are authorised to provide a transcript or retype of the generic Mortgage Valuation Report on to Lender specific pro-forma. Transcript reports are commonly requested by Brokers and Lenders. The transcript report will be in the format required by the Lender but will contain the same information, inspection date and valuation figure as the generic Mortgage Valuation Report and the Single Survey. The Surveyors will decline any transcript request which requires the provision of information additional to the information in the Report and the generic Mortgage Valuation Report until the Seller has conditionally accepted an offer to purchase made in writing.

Once the Seller has conditionally accepted an offer to purchase made in writing, the Purchaser's lender or conveyancer may request that the Surveyors provide general comment on standard appropriate supplementary documentation. In the event of a significant amount of documentation being provided to the Surveyors, an additional fee may be incurred by the Purchaser. Any additional fee will be agreed in writing.

If information is provided to the Surveyors during the conveyancing process which materially affects the valuation stated in the Report and generic Mortgage Valuation Report, the Surveyors reserve the right to reconsider the valuation. Where the Surveyors require to amend the valuation in consequence of such information, they will issue an amended Report and generic Mortgage Valuation Report to the Seller. It is the responsibility of the Seller to ensure that the amended Report and generic Mortgage Valuation Report are transmitted to every prospective Purchaser.

The individual Surveyor will be a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors who is competent to survey, value and report upon Residential Property¹.

If the Surveyors have had a previous business relationship within the past two years with the Seller or Seller's Agent or relative to the property, they will be obliged to indicate this by ticking the adjacent box.

Х

The Surveyors have a written complaints handling procedure. This is available from the offices of the Surveyors at the address stated.

1.2 THE REPORT

The Surveyors will not provide an amended Report on the Property, except to correct factual inaccuracies.

The Report will identify the nature and source of information relied upon in its preparation.

The Surveyor shall provide a Market Value of the Property, unless the condition of the Property is such that it would be inappropriate to do so. A final decision on whether a loan will be granted rests with the Lender who may impose retentions in line with their lending criteria. The date of condition and value of the property will be the date of inspection.

Prior to 1 December 2008, Purchasers have normally obtained their own report from their chosen Surveyor. By contrast, a Single Survey is instructed by the Seller and made available to all potential Purchasers in expectation that the successful Purchaser will have relied upon it. The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors rules require disclosure of any potential conflict of interest when acting for the Seller and the Purchaser in the same transaction. The Single Survey may give rise to a conflict of interest and if this is of concern to any party they are advised to seek their own independent advice.

The Report and any expressions or assessments in it are not intended as advice to the Seller or Purchaser or any other person in relation to an asking price or any other sales or marketing decisions.

¹ Which shall be in accordance with the current RICS Valuation Standards (The Red Book) and RICS Codes of Conduct.

The Report is based solely on the Property and is not to be relied upon in any manner whatsoever when considering the valuation or condition of any other property.

If certain minor matters are mentioned in the Report it should not be assumed that the Property is free of other minor defects.

Neither the whole nor any part of the Report may be published in any way, reproduced or distributed by any party other than the Seller, prospective purchasers and the Purchaser and their respective professional advisers without the prior written consent of the Surveyors.

1.3 LIABILITY

The Report is prepared with the skill and care reasonably to be expected of a competent residential surveyor who is a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors.

The Report is addressed to the Seller and was prepared in the expectation that it (or a complete copy) along with these Terms and Conditions (or a complete copy) would (or, as the case might be, would have been) be disclosed and delivered to:

- the Seller;
- any person(s) noting an interest in purchasing the Property from the Seller;
- any person(s) who make(s) (or on whose behalf is made) an offer to purchase the Property, whether
 or not that offer is accepted by the Seller;
- the Purchaser; and
- the professional advisers of any of these.

The Surveyors acknowledge that their duty of skill and care in relation to the Report is owed to the Seller and to the Purchaser. The Surveyors accept no responsibility or liability whatsoever in relation to the Report to persons other than the Seller and the Purchaser. The Seller and Purchaser should be aware that if a Lender seeks to rely on this Report they do so at their own risk. In particular, the Surveyors accept no responsibility or liability whatsoever to any Lender in relation to the Report. Any such Lender relies upon the Report entirely at their own risk.

1.4 GENERIC MORTGAGE VALUATION REPORT

The Surveyors undertake to the Seller that they will prepare a generic Mortgage Valuation Report, which will be issued along with the Single Survey. It is the responsibility of the Seller to ensure that the generic Mortgage Valuation Report is provided to every potential Purchaser.

1.5 TRANSCRIPT MORTGAGE VALUATION FOR LENDING PURPOSES

The Surveyors undertake that on being asked to do so by a prospective purchaser, or his/her professional advisor or Lender, they will prepare a Transcript Mortgage Valuation Report for Lending Purposes on terms and conditions to be agreed between the Surveyors and Lender and solely for the use of the Lender and upon which the Lender may rely. The decision as to whether finance will be provided is entirely a matter for the Lender. The Transcript Mortgage Valuation Report will be prepared from information contained in the Report and the generic Mortgage Valuation Report.²

1.6 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

All intellectual property rights whatsoever (including copyright) in and to the Report, excluding the headings and rubrics, are the exclusive property of the Surveyors and shall remain their exclusive property unless

² Which shall be in accordance with the current RICS Valuation Standards (The Red Book) and RICS Rules of Conduct

they assign the same to any other party in writing.

1.7 PAYMENT

The Surveyors are entitled to refrain from delivering the Report to anyone until the fee and other charges for it notified to the Seller have been paid. Additional fees will be charged for subsequent inspections and Reports.

1.8 CANCELLATION

The Seller will be entitled to cancel the inspection by notifying the Surveyor's office at any time before the day of the inspection.

The Surveyor will be entitled not to proceed with the inspection (and will so report promptly to the Seller) if after arriving at the property, the Surveyor concludes that it is of a type of construction of which the Surveyor has insufficient specialist knowledge to be able to provide the inspection satisfactorily. The Surveyor will also be entitled not to proceed if after arriving at the property, the surveyor concludes that the property is exempt under Part 3 of The Housing (Scotland) Act 2006 as detailed in the (Prescribed Documents) Regulations 2008. If there is a potential threat to their health or personal safety, the inspection may be postponed or cancelled, at the Surveyor's discretion.

In the case of cancellation or the inspection not proceeding, the Surveyor will refund any fees paid by the Seller for the inspection and Report, except for expenses reasonably incurred and any fee due in light of the final paragraph of this section.

In the case of cancellation by the Seller, for whatever reason, after the inspection has taken place but before a written report is issued, the Surveyor will be entitled to raise an invoice equivalent to 80% of the agreed fee.

1.9 PRECEDENCE

If there is any incompatibility between these Terms and Conditions and the Report, these Terms and Conditions take precedence.

1.1 DEFINITIONS

- the "Lender" is the party who has provided or intends or proposes to provide financial assistance to the Purchaser towards the purchase of the Property and in whose favour a standard security will be granted over the Property;
- the "Transcript Mortgage Valuation Report for Lending Purposes" means a separate report, prepared by the Surveyor, prepared from information in the Report and the generic Mortgage Valuation Report, but in a style and format required by the Lender. The Transcript Mortgage Valuation Report for Lending Purposes will be prepared with the skill and care reasonably to be expected from a surveyor who is a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors and who is competent to survey, value and report on the Property;
- the "Generic Mortgage Valuation Report" means a separate report, prepared by the Surveyor from information in the Report but in the Surveyor's own format;
- the "Market Value" is the estimated amount for which a property should exchange on the date of valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's-length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion;
- the "Property" is the property which forms the subject of the Report;

- the "Purchaser" is the person (or persons) who enters into a contract to buy the Property from the Seller;
- a "prospective Purchaser" is anyone considering buying the Property;
- the "Report" is the report, of the kind described in Part 2 of these Terms and Conditions and in the form set out in part 1 of Schedule 1 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2006 (Prescribed Documents) Regulations 2008;
- the "Seller" is/are the proprietor(s) of the Property;
- the "Surveyor" is the author of the Report on the Property; and
- the "Surveyors" are the firm or company of which the Surveyor is an employee, director, member or partner (unless the Surveyor is not an employee, director, member or partner, when the "Surveyors" means the Surveyor) whose details are set out at the head of the Report.
- the "Energy Report" is the advice given by the accredited Energy Company, based on information collected by the Surveyor during the Inspection, and also includes an Energy Performance Certificate, in a Government approved format.

PART 2 - DESCRIPTION OF THE REPORT

2.1 THE SERVICE

The Single Survey is a Report by an independent Surveyor, prepared in an objective way regarding the condition and value of the Property on the day of the inspection, and who is a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. It includes an Energy Report as required by Statute and this is in the format of the accredited Energy Company. In addition, the Surveyor has agreed to supply a generic Mortgage Valuation Report.

2.2 THE INSPECTION

The Inspection is a general surface examination of those parts of the Property which are accessible: in other words, visible and readily available for examination from ground and floor levels, without risk of causing damage to the Property or injury to the Surveyor.

All references to visual inspection refer to an inspection from within the property at floor level and from ground level within the site and adjoining public areas, without the need to move any obstructions. Any references to left or right are taken facing the front of the property.

The Inspection is carried out with the Seller's permission, without causing damage to the building or contents. Furniture, stored items and insulation are not moved.

Unless identified in the report the Surveyor will assume that no harmful or hazardous materials have been used in the construction. The presence or possible consequences of any site contamination will not be researched.

The Surveyor will not carry out an asbestos inspection, and will not be acting as an asbestos inspector in completing a Single Survey of properties that may fall within the Control of Asbestos in the Workplace Regulations. In the case of flats it will be assumed that there is a duty holder, as defined in the Regulations and that a Register of Asbestos and effective Management Plan is in place, which does not require any expenditure, or pose a significant risk to health. No enquiry of the duty holder will be made.

2.3 THE REPORT

The Report will be prepared by the Surveyor who carried out the property inspection and will describe various aspects of the property as defined by the headings of the Single Survey report with the comments being general and unbiased. The report on the location, style and condition of the property, will be concise and will be restricted to matters that could have a material effect upon value and will omit items that, in the Surveyor's opinion, are not significant. If certain minor matters are mentioned, it should not be interpreted that the property is free of any other minor defects.

Throughout the Report, the following repair categories will be used to give an overall opinion of the state of repair and condition of the property.

- 1 Category 3: Urgent repairs or replacement are needed now. Failure to deal with them may cause problems to other parts of the property or cause a safety hazard. Estimates for repairs or replacement are needed now.
- 2 Category 2: Repairs or replacement requiring future attention, but estimates are still advised.
- 3 Category 1: No immediate action or repair is needed.

WARNING: If left unattended, even for a relatively short period, Category 2 repairs can rapidly develop into more serious Category 3 repairs. The existence of Category 2 or Category 3 repairs may have an adverse effect on marketability, value and the sale price ultimately achieved for the property. This is particularly true during slow market conditions when the effect can be considerable.

Parts of the property, which cannot be seen or accessed, will not be reported upon and this will be stated. If the Surveyor suspects that a defect may exist within an unexposed area and which could have a material effect upon the value, he may recommend further investigation by specialist contractors.

2.4 SERVICES

Surveyors are not equipped or qualified to test the services and therefore no comment can be interpreted as implying that the design, installation and function of the services are in accordance/compliance with regulations, safety and efficiency expectations. However, comment is made where there is cause to suspect significant defects or shortcomings with the installations. No tests are made of any services or appliances.

2.5 ACCESSIBILITY

A section is included to help identify the basic information interested parties need to know to decide whether to view a property.

2.6 ENERGY REPORT

A section is included that makes provision for an Energy Report, relative to the property. The Surveyor will collect physical data from the property and provide such data in a format required by an accredited Energy Company. The Surveyor cannot of course accept liability for any advice given by the Energy Company.

2.7 VALUATION AND CONVEYANCER ISSUES

The last section of the Report contains matters considered relevant to the Conveyancer (Solicitor). It also contains the Surveyor's opinion both of the market value of the property and of the re-instatement cost, as defined below.

"Market Value" The estimated amount for which a property should exchange on the date of valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's-length transaction after proper marketing wherein

the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion. In arriving at the opinion of the Market Value the Surveyor also makes various standard assumptions covering, for example, vacant possession; tenure and other legal considerations; contamination and hazardous materials; the condition of un-inspected parts; the right to use mains services; and the exclusion of curtains, carpets etc. from the valuation. In the case of flats, the following further assumptions are made that:

- There are rights of access and exit over all communal roadways, corridors, stairways etc. and to use communal grounds, parking areas, and other facilities;
- There are no particularly troublesome or unusual legal restrictions;
- There is no current dispute between the occupiers of the flats or any outstanding claims or losses; and the costs of repairs to the building are shared among the co-proprietors on an equitable basis.

Any additional assumption, or any found not to apply, is reported.

"Re-instatement cost" is an estimate for insurance purposes of the current cost of rebuilding the Property in its present form unless otherwise stated. This includes the cost of rebuilding the garage and permanent outbuildings, site clearance and professional fees, but excludes VAT (except on the fees).

Sellers or prospective Purchasers may consider it prudent to instruct a reinspection and revaluation after a period of 12 weeks (or sooner if appropriate) to reflect changing circumstances in the market and/or in the physical condition of the Property.

1. Information and scope of inspection

This section tells you about the type, accommodation, neighbourhood, age and construction of the property. It also tells you about the extent of the inspection and highlights anything that the surveyor could not inspect.

All references to visual inspection refer to an inspection from within the property without moving any obstructions and externally from ground level within the site and adjoining public areas. Any references to left or right in a description of the exterior of the property refer to the view of someone standing facing that part of the property from the outside.

The inspection is carried out without causing damage to the building or its contents and without endangering the occupiers or the surveyor. Heavy furniture, stored items and insulation are not moved. Unless identified in the report the surveyor will assume that no harmful or hazardous materials or techniques have been used in the construction. The presence or possible consequences of any site contamination will not be researched.

Services such as TV/cable connection, internet connection, swimming pools and other leisure facilities etc. will not be inspected or reported on.

Description	The property comprises a substantial detached two storey house with self-contained annex and separate detached cottage.
Accommodation	Ground floor: entrance vestibule and hall, living room with conservatory off, study, bedroom, shower room, kitchen, utility room/pantry, vestibule and hall, single bedroom.
	First floor: front landing, two bedrooms, shower room. Rear landing bedroom, bathroom.
	Annex: living/kitchen area, bedroom, showroom, conservatory.
	Cottage: entrance vestibule, living room, kitchen, bedroom, shower room.
Gross internal floor area (m²)	Main House: 223m2 approximately. Annex: 44m2 approximately. Cottage: 40m2 approximately.
Neighbourhood and location	The property is located within a rural area in between the towns of Keith and Dufftown. A wide range of facilities can be obtained within nearby Keith. The property is surrounded by open countryside. There is a working farm steading at the rear.
Age	Built around 1800.
Weather	Clear and dry following a mixed spell.
Chimney stacks	Visually inspected with the aid of binoculars where appropriate.
	There are chimney stacks of stone construction externally pointed. Flashings at the base of the chimneys are formed in cement.
	There is a brick chimney stack externally pointed. Flashings at the base of this chimney are formed in lead and cement.
	There is a concrete block chimney stack, externally pointed with cement flashings.
	There is a false chimney stack on the cottage formed in timber and

Chimney stacks	finished with lead.
Roofing including roof space	Sloping roofs were visually inspected with the aid of
	binoculars where appropriate.
	Flat roofs were visually inspected from vantage points within the property and where safe and reasonable to do so from a 3m ladder externally.
	Roof spaces were visually inspected and were entered where there was safe and reasonable access, normally defined as being from a 3m ladder within the property.
	If this is not possible, then physical access to the roof space may be taken by other means if the Surveyor deems it safe and reasonable to do so.
	The roof is made up of various pitched sections clad in natural slate. The ridges are formed in stone tile. Valleys are formed in metal.
	The ridges and hips of dormers and the bay windows are formed in metal.
	Access to the roof space of the main part was obtained via a ceiling hatch in the first floor shower room. There is a an additional hatch in the pantry/utility room. No access was available to the roof space over the annex adjoining the main house.
	The various roof sections are of timber frame construction with timber sarking boards. Glass wool insulation has been laid between the ceiling joists. There is an old single glazed window unit remaining in the main roof space.
	The cottage roof is formed in corrugated metal sheeting with metal ridges and valleys. Access to the cottage roof was obtained via ceiling hatch in the living area. The roof is of timber construction with timber sarking boards. There is roofing membrane installed. Glass wool insulation has been laid between across the ceiling joists.
Rainwater fittings	Visually inspected with the sid of hipsculars where
Namwater mungs	Visually inspected with the aid of binoculars where appropriate.
	The gutters are of a cast iron, half round design with cast iron round downpipes. There is a section of PVC ogee guttering on the bay window.
	The cottage guttering is of a half round design with round downpipes. This is formed in PVC.
Main walls	Visually inspected with the aid of binoculars where appropriate.
	Foundations and concealed parts were not exposed or inspected.
	The walls of the main house are of solid stone construction externally rendered. There are some pointed sections.

The cottage is of timber frame construction timber clad externally.

Windows, external doors and joinery

Internal and external doors were opened and closed where keys were available.

Random windows were opened and closed where possible.

Doors and windows were not forced open.

Windows are mainly of a double glazed, timber frame type. There are some double glazed Velux window units. There are some single glazed, window units remaining. There are double glazed, UPVC French windows leading from the entrance hall to a deck area. The front door is of a double leaf timber frame and panel type with single glazed, leaded features. The entrance door is of a timber frame and panel type with single glazed inserts. The annex door is of a timber frame and panel type with single glazed inserts.

The cottage windows are of a double glazed, timber casement type. The cottage has a traditional timber frame and panel door. There are double glazed timber casement French windows. The cottage is timber clad externally timber fascias.

External decorations

Visually inspected.

External timbers, render and rainwater fittings are painted. The external timbers of the cottage are painted.

Conservatories / porches

Visually inspected.

There is a conservatory with single glazed, timber frame window units on a concrete block base under a reinforced glazed roof. This has a concrete floor.

There is an entrance porch of stone construction with timber linings and stone floor. This has a pitched and tiled roof.

There is a small conservatory off the annex with concrete block base, double glazed, UPVC window units and a polycarbonate sheet roof.

Communal areas

Circulation areas visually inspected.

There are no communal areas.

Garages and permanent outbuildings

Visually inspected.

There are a range of outbuildings.

There is a garage with storage area above. This is of timber construction with corrugated cement fibre sheet roof. There is carport of timber and corrugated metal construction.

There is a covered deck area which houses the hot tub. This is of timber construction with thatch roof.

There is a greenhouse and poly tunnel. At the bottom end of the plot there is a timber stable building with onduline roof. In addition, there are a number of garden sheds.

Outside areas and boundaries

Visually inspected.

There are areas of garden to the front, sides and rear. Boundaries are generally defined by post and wire fencing. There is a gravel drive and parking area. The cottage has its own area of enclosed to garden. Garden areas are planted and there are areas of lawn. There are a number of raised beds and mature trees surrounding the house. There are some rubble stone walls and a number of outdoor seating areas.

Ceilings

Visually inspected from floor level.

Ceilings are mainly formed in lath and plaster. Some ceilings have been replaced in plasterboard. There are some textured plaster finishes in various areas. There is traditional plaster cornicing. There is a timber ceiling in the ground floor shower room.

Ceilings within the cottage are formed in plasterboard.

Internal walls

Visually inspected from floor level.

Using a moisture meter, walls were randomly tested for dampness where considered appropriate.

Internal walls are formed in lath and plaster. There are areas of timber panelling. The annex walls are of solid brick or block construction plastered on the hard internally.

Walls within the cottage are formed in MDF tongue and groove effect panelling.

Floors including sub floors

Surfaces of exposed floors were visually inspected. No carpets or floor coverings were lifted.

Sub-floor areas were inspected only to the extent visible from a readily accessible and unfixed hatch by way of an inverted "head and shoulders" inspection at the access point.

Physical access to the sub floor area may be taken if the Surveyor deems it is safe and reasonable to do so, and subject to a minimum clearance of 1m between the underside of floor joists and the solum as determined from the access hatch.

The floors are of mixed solid concrete construction and suspended timber construction over laid with timber tongue and groove boarding. At the time of my inspection, the majority of floors were covered. No access was available to any subfloor areas.

Flooring within the cottage would appear to be of solid concrete construction overlaid with timber battens and chipboard.

Internal joinery and kitchen fittings Built-in cupboards were looked into but no stored items were moved. Kitchen units were visually inspected excluding appliances. Internal doors are of a traditional timber frame and panel type. There are some glazed panel doors and leaded glazed panel doors. Skirting boards and door facings are formed in timber. There is timber panelling around a number of doors and windows. The main stair is formed in timber with a timber balustrade. The rear stair is formed in timber with a rope rail. The kitchen contains a range of fitted floor units. There are fitted floor and wall units forming the kitchen of the Annex. Doors within the cottage are of an MDF framed and panelled effect type. Skirting boards and door facings within the cottage are formed in MDF. The cottage kitchen contains a range of fitted floor and wall mounted units. Chimney breasts and fireplaces Visually inspected. No testing of the flues or fittings was carried out. There are a number of open fireplaces throughout the property. The owner has advised these are all in working order with the exception of the first floor back bedroom which has an electric fire fitted. There is a multifuel stove within the main living room. Internal decorations Visually inspected. Internal walls and ceilings are papered and painted. Joinery finishes are painted and varnished. Cellars Visually inspected where there was a safe and purpose-built access. There are no cellars. **Electricity** Accessible parts of the wiring were visually inspected without removing fittings. No tests whatsoever were carried out to the system or appliances. Visual inspection does not assess any services to make sure they work properly and efficiently and meet modern standards. If any services are turned off, the surveyor will state that in the report and will not turn them on. There are no cellars. Gas Accessible parts of the system were visually inspected without removing fittings. No tests whatsoever were carried out to the system or appliances. Visual inspection does not assess any services to make sure they work properly and efficiently and meet modern standards. If any services are turned off, the surveyor will state that in the report and will not turn them on.

There is a bottled gas supply to the hob. There is an underground

Gas	LPG tank for the cottage.
Water, plumbing, bathroom fittings	Visual inspection of the accessible pipework, water tanks, cylinders and fittings without removing any insulation.
	No tests whatsoever were carried out to the system or appliances.
	Water is connected to the mains supply. Visible pipework is made with copper and PVC materials.
	Each of the shower rooms contains a WC, wash hand basin and shower cubicle with mixer shower over. The bathroom contains a roll top bath, WC and wash hand basin.
	There are double Belfast basins within the kitchen and a single Belfast basin in the utility room/pantry.
	The cottage shower room contains a WC wash hand basin and shower cubicle with mixer shower over.
Heating and hot water	Accessible parts of the system were visually inspected apart from communal systems, which were not inspected.
	No tests whatsoever were carried out to the system or appliances.
	There is a Warmflow Green 120, oil fired central heating boiler located externally. This supplies steel panel radiators throughout the main house. These are controlled by a programmer in the kitchen and a thermostat in the hall.
	There is a range cooker in the kitchen. This supplies domestic hot water. There is a pre-insulated hot water tank at the top of the rear stair.
	There is a range of electric heaters in the annex. There is a pre- insulated hot water tank in the annex shower room cupboard with immersion heater fitted. This supplies hot water to the annex.
	There is an Ideal Logic LPG fired boiler in a kitchen cupboard in the cottage. This supplies to panel radiators which are fitted with thermostatic valves. This system also supplies domestic hot water. This is controlled by a programmer and wall thermostat within the cottage.
Drainage	Drainage covers etc were not lifted.

Neither drains nor drainage systems were tested.

The main house and annex are connected to a septic tank located within the garden. The cottage is connected to a separate newly installed septic tank also within the garden.

Fire, smoke and burglar alarms

Visually inspected.

No tests whatsoever were carried out to the system or appliances.

There are smoke detectors fitted within the property, annex and cottage.

Legislation by the Scottish Government, which took effect from February 2022, requires all residential properties to have a system of inter-linked smoke alarms and heat detectors. Carbon monoxide detectors are also required where appropriate. Purchasers should appraise themselves of the requirements of this legislation, and engage with appropriately accredited contractors to ensure compliance.

Any additional limits to inspection

For flats / maisonettes

Only the subject flat and internal communal areas giving access to the flat were inspected.

If the roof space or under-building / basement is communal, reasonable and safe access is not always possible. If no inspection was possible, this will be stated. If no inspection was possible, the surveyor will assume that there are no defects that will have a material effect on the valuation.

The building containing the flat, including any external communal areas, was visually inspected only to the extent that the surveyor is able to give an opinion on the general condition and standard of maintenance.

Parts of the property, which are covered, unexposed or inaccessible, cannot be guaranteed to be free from defect.

I have not carried out an inspection for Japanese Knotweed and unless otherwise stated, for the purposes of the valuation I have assumed that there is no Japanese Knotweed or other invasive plants within the boundaries of the property or in neighbouring properties.

The report does not include an asbestos inspection. However asbestos was widely used in the building industry until around 2000, when it became a banned substance. If the possibility of asbestos based products has been reported within the limitations of the inspection and you have concerns you should engage a qualified asbestos surveyor. Any such materials should not be drilled or disturbed without prior advice from a licensed specialist.

The property was occupied, fully furnished and all floors were covered. Floor coverings restricted my inspection of flooring.

In accordance with Health and Safety guidelines I have not disturbed insulation, furniture or personal effects (particularly in cupboards). Floor coverings have not been moved.

Personal effects in cupboards and fitted wardrobes were not moved and restricted my inspection.

My physical inspection of the roof void areas was restricted due to insulation material, stored items, the limited size of the spaces and lack of suitable crawl boards. As a result the roof void area was only viewed from the access hatch. There was no access to the roof space over the annex.

Any additional limits to inspection

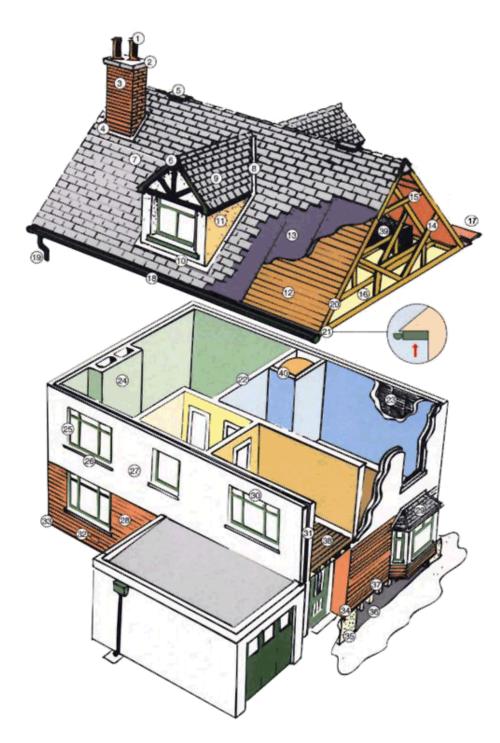
I was not able to inspect the sub floor area.

Concealed areas beneath and around bath/shower trays were not visible. Water spillage in these areas can often be discovered unexpectedly with resultant damage to concealed parts of the fabric.

The inspection is not a fire or life safety risk assessment and should not be relied on as a risk assessment inspection. Further advice should be sought if a specific risk assessment of the property and building that it forms part of is required.

Where repairs are required at height compliance with Health and Safety legislation often requires the use of scaffolding which can significantly impact on the cost of repair. Pricing repairs is out with the remit of this report but it would be prudent to consider costs and budgeting before offering. The various trades can advise further.

Sectional Diagram showing elements of a typical house



Reference may be made in this report to some or all of the above component parts of the property. This diagram may assist you in locating and understanding these items.

- 1) Chimney pots
- 2) Coping stone
- 3) Chimney head
- 4 Flashing
- 5) Ridge ventilation
- 6 Ridge board
- 7) Slates / tiles
- 8 Valley guttering
- 9 Dormer projection
- 10 Dormer flashing
- 11) Dormer cheeks
- (12) Sarking
- (13) Roof felt
- (14) Trusses
- 15) Collar
- (16) Insulation
- (17) Parapet gutter
- (18) Eaves guttering
- 19) Rainwater downpipe
- 20) Verge boards/skews
- 21) Soffit boards
- 22) Partition wall
- 23) Lath / plaster
- 24) Chimney breast
- (25) Window pointing
 - 6) Window sills
- 27) Rendering
- 28) Brickwork / pointing
- 29) Bay window projection
- 30 Lintels
- (31) Cavity walls / wall ties
- 32) Subfloor ventilator
- 33 Damp proof course
- 34) Base course
- 35) Foundations
- (36) Solum
- 37) Floor joists
- 38) Floorboards
- 39) Water tank
- 40) Hot water tank

2. Condition

This section identifies problems and tells you about the urgency of any repairs by using one of the following three categories:

Category 3	Category 2	Category 1
Urgent repairs or replacement are needed now. Failure to deal with them may cause problems to other parts of the property or cause a safety hazard. Estimates for repairs or replacement are needed now.	Repairs or replacement requiring future attention, but estimates are still advised.	No immediate action or repair is needed.

Structural movement	
Repair category	1
Notes	The property has been affected by previous movement but within the limitations of the inspection there was no evidence to suggest that this is ongoing.

Dampness, rot and infestation	
Repair category	3
Notes	Some damp meter readings were obtained to lower wall surfaces. There is woodworm infestation evident to roof timbers. There is some damp staining around the first floor shower room window. There is some bounce and movement to the flooring in the ground floor bedroom. This can be indicative of deterioration to subfloor timbers. The property can be inspected by a timber and damp specialist who can provide advice and estimates for repair using guaranteed methods.

Chimney stacks	
Repair category	2
Notes	There are areas of missing pointing on the brick chimney stack.
	There are some small areas of deterioration to cement chimney flashings. A contractor can inspect and undertake the necessary repairs.

Roofing including roof space	
Repair category	2
Notes	There is some damp staining to sarking boards within the roof space above the utility room/pantry. There is some damp staining to the gable wall within the main roof space. Valleys are clogged with leaves. There are a number of cracked and broken slates. There is loose and missing ridge tile pointing. There is some cracked and loose skew pointing. There is deterioration to a valley adjacent to the first floor bathroom window.

Roofing including roof space	
Repair category	2
Notes	The roof is now of considerable age and may be original. Regular and ongoing maintenance should be anticipated with all the roof of this kind. Roofing contractor can inspect and provide advice and estimates for repair.

Rainwater fittings	
Repair category	2
Notes	Some of the guttering on the main house is out of alignment. There is a loose downpipe adjacent to the bay window. The gutters of the main house are clogged with leaves.
	There is a twisted section of gutter and disjointed downpipe on the cottage.

Main walls	
Repair category	2
Notes	There are some sections of cracked, worn and patchy render on the main house.

Windows, external doors and joinery	
Repair category	2
Notes	The windows are of an older type. Doors and random windows are opened but not all and inspections can be restricted by window blinds, curtains, ornaments etc. Handles, locks and opening mechanisms can deteriorate through usage and repair or replacement can be anticipated on an ad hoc basis. No assurances can be provided that all window fitments are functional.
	The seals to a number of the double glazed window units have failed resulting in condensation between the panes of glass.
	Some units are stiff in opening and closing. There are some areas of localised rot to window timbers. A joiner can inspect and undertake the necessary repairs.

External decorations	
Repair category	2
Notes	There is some weathering of external paintwork.

Conservatories/porches	
Repair category	2
Notes	There is some rot to timber roof rails on the conservatory. There are some cracked window panes. General maintenance will be required to conservatories going forward.

Communal areas	
Repair category	-
Notes	Not applicable.

Garages and permanent outbuildings	
Repair category	2
Notes	The garage may contain asbestos based materials. See information on Asbestos in the Limitations of Inspection section above.
	The outbuildings are generally in a condition consistent with age and type. There is some general maintenance required in places.

Outside areas and boundaries	
Repair category	1
Notes	There are mature trees growing within influencing distance of the house . A tree surgeon will be able to provide further advice.

Ceilings	
Repair category	2
Notes	There is some cracking to plaster work and cornicing.
	This is fairly typical for a property of this age and type.
	There is rough and cracked plaster on the kitchen ceiling.

Internal walls	
Repair category	2
Notes	There is some cracking to plasterwork. This is fairly typical.

Floors including sub-floors	
Repair category	2
Notes	It is not unusual to discover areas of past water spillage when floor coverings are removed in kitchen and bathroom compartments, revealing the need for further repair and maintenance work. There is some bounce and movement to flooring in the ground floor bedroom. This can be indicative of deterioration to subfloor timbers. See "Dampness, Rot and Infestation".

Internal joinery and kitchen fittings	
Repair category	1
Notes	No significant defects evident.

Chimney breasts and fireplaces	
Repair category	1
Notes	Flues should ideally be swept and tested on an annual basis.

Internal decorations	
Repair category	1
Notes	No significant defects evident.

Cellars	
Repair category	-
Notes	Not Applicable

Electricity	
Repair category	1
Notes	It is recommended that all electrical installations be checked every five years or on change of ownership to keep up to date with frequent changes in Safety Regulations. Further advice will be available from a qualified NICEIC/ SELECT registered Contractor. It should be appreciated that only recently constructed or rewired properties will have installations which fully comply with IET regulations.

Gas	
Repair category	1
Notes	Trade bodies governing gas installations currently advise that gas appliances should be tested prior to change in occupancy and thereafter at least once a year by a Gas Safe registered contractor. It is assumed that gas appliances comply with relevant regulations.

Water, plumbing and bathroom fittings	
2	
There appears to be signs of a previous leakage around the shower cubicle in the annex. This area was dry when tested. This area should be monitored for any signs of deterioration when this shower is next used. There is some wear and tear to the traditional Belfast basins.	

Heating and hot water			
Repair category	1		
Notes	It is assumed that the heating and hot water systems have been properly serviced and maintained on a regular basis and installed in accordance with the relevant regulations. Boilers and central heating systems should be tested and serviced by a Gas Safe and Oftec oil registered engineer on an annual basis to ensure their safe and efficient operation.		

Drainage	
Repair category	1
Notes	It is assumed that the tanks are registered with SEPA. Regular inspection and maintenance should be anticipated.

Set out below is a summary of the condition of the property which is provided for reference only. You should refer to the previous comments for detailed information.

Structural movement	1
Dampness, rot and infestation	3
Chimney stacks	2
Roofing including roof space	2
Rainwater fittings	2
Main walls	2
Windows, external doors and joinery	2
External decorations	2
Conservatories/porches	2
Communal areas	-
Garages and permanent outbuildings	2
Outside areas and boundaries	1
Ceilings	2
Internal walls	2
Floors including sub-floors	2
Internal joinery and kitchen fittings	1
Chimney breasts and fireplaces	1
Internal decorations	1
Cellars	-
Electricity	1
Gas	1
Water, plumbing and bathroom fittings	2
Heating and hot water	1
Drainage	1

Category 3

Urgent repairs or replacement are needed now. Failure to deal with them may cause problems to other parts of the property or cause a safety hazard. Estimates for repairs or replacement are needed now.

Category 2

Repairs or replacement requiring future attention, but estimates are still advised.

Category 1

No immediate action or repair is needed.

Remember

The cost of repairs may influence the amount someone is prepared to pay for the property. We recommend that relevant estimates and reports are obtained in your own name.

Warning

If left unattended, even for a relatively short period, Category 2 repairs can rapidly develop into more serious Category 3 repairs. The existence of Category 2 or Category 3 repairs may have an adverse effect on marketability, value and the sale price ultimately achieved for the property. This is particularly true during slow market conditions where the effect can be considerable.

3. Accessibility information

Guidance notes on accessibility information

Three steps or fewer to a main entrance door of the property:

In flatted developments the 'main entrance' would be the flat's own entrance door, not the external door to the communal stair. The 'three steps or fewer' are counted from external ground level to the flat's entrance door. Where a lift is present, the count is based on the number of steps climbed when using the lift.

Unrestricted parking within 25 metres:

For this purpose, 'Unrestricted parking' includes parking available by means of a parking permit. Restricted parking includes parking that is subject to parking restrictions, as indicated by the presence of solid yellow, red or white lines at the edge of the road or by a parking control sign, parking meters or other coin-operated machines.

1. Which floor(s) is the living accommodation on?	Ground Floor.
2. Are there three steps or fewer to a main entrance door of the property?	Yes X No
3. Is there a lift to the main entrance door of the property?	Yes No X
4. Are all door openings greater than 750mm?	Yes No X
5. Is there a toilet on the same level as the living room and kitchen?	Yes X No
6. Is there a toilet on the same level as a bedroom?	Yes X No
7. Are all rooms on the same level with no internal steps or stairs?	Yes No X
8. Is there unrestricted parking within 25 metres of an entrance door to the building?	Yes X No

4. Valuation and conveyancer issues

This section highlights information that should be checked with a solicitor or licensed conveyancer. It also gives an opinion of market value and an estimated reinstatement cost for insurance purposes.

Matters for a solicitor or licensed conveyancer

The property has been altered and an annex has been created. A newly constructed cottage has been constructed within the grounds. It is assumed that all necessary Local Authority and other consents have been obtained for alterations and that the appropriate documentation, including Building Warrants and Completion Certificates issued. If any works did not require consent, then it has been assumed they meet the standards required by the Building Regulations or are exempt.

Drainage is to septic tanks. It is assumed that the tanks are registered with SEPA. The position regarding age, location, condition and maintenance history should be clarified.

The cottage is fitted with photovoltaic panels. All documentation relating to the system should be obtained so that the transfer of ownership can be carried out as part of the conveyancing process. It should be confirmed that there are no outstanding financial liabilities or contracts attached to the property.

Estimated reinstatement cost for insurance purposes

£1,500,000 (One million, five hundred thousand pounds).

Valuation and market comments

It should be noted this sum is an estimate calculated by using a rate per square metre based on information provided by Building Cost Information Service (BCIS).

£620,000 (Six hundred and twenty thousand pounds).			
Signed	Security Print Code [476518 = 6118] Electronically signed		
Report author	Michael G McDonald		
Company name	DM Hall LLP		

27 High Street, Elgin, IV30 1EE

Address

Date of report	30th October 2024



Property Address	
Address Seller's Name Date of Inspection	MAINS OF AUCHINDACHY, KEITH, AB55 5HT Ms Laura Torrance 23rd October 2024
Property Details	
Property Type	X House Bungalow Chalet Purpose built maisonette Coach Studio Converted maisonette Purpose built flat Converted flat Tenement flat Flat over non-residential use Other (specify in General Remarks)
Property Style	X Detached Semi detached Mid terrace End terrace Back to back High rise block Low rise block Other (specify in General Remarks)
Does the surveyor be e.g. local authority, m	elieve that the property was built for the public sector, X Yes No No nilitary, police?
Flats/Maisonettes onl	
Approximate Year of	
Tenure	
X Absolute Ownership	Leasehold Ground rent £ Unexpired years
Accommodation	
Number of Rooms	1 Living room(s) 5 Bedroom(s) 1 Kitchen(s) 3 Bathroom(s) 0 WC(s) 2 Other (Specify in General remarks)
Gross Floor Area (ex	cluding garages and outbuildings) 307 m² (Internal) m² (External)
Residential Element ((greater than 40%) X Yes No
Garage / Parking /	Outbuildings
X Single garage Available on site?	□ Double garage ▼ Parking space □ No garage / garage space / parking space ▼ Yes □ No
Permanent outbuildin	gs:
Garage, Carport, St	able block, Covered hot tub area, Greenhouse, Polytunnel, Various sheds.

Construction							
Walls	Brick	X Stone	Concrete	Timber frame			
	Solid	Cavity	Steel fran		Other	· (specify in Gen	eral Remarks)
Roof	Tile	X Slate	Asphalt	Felt		(-1)	,
	Lead	Zinc	Artificial		Other	(specify in Gen	eral Remarks)
Special Risks							
Has the property s	suffered struct	ural moveme	ent?			X Yes	No
If Yes, is this recei	nt or progress	ive?				Yes	X No
Is there evidence, immediate vicinity	history, or rea?	ason to antic	pate subsidenc	e, heave, landslip o	or flood in the	Yes	X No
If Yes to any of the	e above, provi	de details in	General Rema	rks.			
Service Connec	tion						
Based on visual in of the supply in Ge			ces appear to b	e non-mains, pleas	e comment o	n the type ar	nd location
Drainage	Mains	X Private	None	Water	X Mains	Private	None
Electricity	X Mains	Private	None	Gas	Mains	X Private	None
Central Heating	X Yes	Partial	None				
Brief description o	f Central Hea	ting:					
Full oil fired radia	ator system m	ain house. E	lectric panel he	eating system cottag	ge. LPG heat	ing in cottage	э.
Site							
	uoo to bo vori	fied by the e	anyoyon oor Die	aga provida a briat	: description i	n Canaral D	a marka
Rights of way	ues to be veri	-		ease provide a brief		n General Ro ed service conn	
Agricultural land inc			Ill-defined bour	er amenities on separate		er (specify in Ge	
Agriculturarianu int	Sidded with prope	ity	iii-deliiled bodi	nuaries	[A] Ottle	i (specily iii Gel	nerai Nemaiks)
Location							
Desidential 1			wn / city Mi	xed residential / comme	roial Main	ly commercial	
Residential suburb	Res	idential within to	WII / City IVII	xed residential/comme	rciai Iviain		
Residential suburb Commuter village		note village	, <u> </u>	plated rural property	_	er (specify in Ge	neral Remarks)
	Ren		, <u> </u>		_		neral Remarks)
Commuter village	Ren	note village	X Iso	plated rural property	_		neral Remarks)
Commuter village Planning Issues	Ren	note village	X Iso	plated rural property	_		neral Remarks)
Commuter village Planning Issues Has the property b	Ren	note village	X Iso	plated rural property	_		neral Remarks)

General Remarks

Other accommodation:

Main House: pantry/utility room, study, conservatory. Annex: Living room/kitchen, bedroom, shower room, conservatory. Cottage: living room, kitchen, shower room, bedroom.

The property has been altered and an annex has been created. A newly constructed cottage has been constructed within the grounds. It is assumed that all necessary Local Authority and other consents have been obtained for alterations and that the appropriate documentation, including Building Warrants and Completion Certificates issued. If any works did not require consent, then it has been assumed they meet the standards required by the Building Regulations or are exempt.

Drainage is to septic tanks. It is assumed that the tanks are registered with SEPA. The position regarding age, location, condition and maintenance history should be clarified.

The cottage is fitted with photovoltaic panels. All documentation relating to the system should be obtained so that the transfer of ownership can be carried out as part of the conveyancing process. It should be confirmed that there are no outstanding financial liabilities or contracts attached to the property.

Generally the property was found to be in a condition consistent with age and type. There are some items of repair, upgrading and maintenance required.

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Essen	tıal	КP	nai	re
			3431	

Some damp meter readings were obtained to wall surfaces. There is woodworm infestation evident to roof timbers. There is some bounce and movement to the flooring in the ground floor bedroom. This can be indicative of deterioration to subfloor timbers. The property should be inspected by a timber and damp specialist who can provide advice and estimates for repair using guaranteed methods.
Estimated cost of essential repairs £ Estimate Retention recommended? X Yes No Amount £ 5000.

Comment on Mortgagea	bility				
The property generally for	ms a suitable security for mortgage purposes.				
Valuations					
Market value in present cor Market value on completion	Market value in present condition £ 620,000 Market value on completion of essential repairs £ 625,000				
Insurance reinstatement value (to include the cost of total rebuilding, site clearance, professional fees, ancillary charges plus VAT) £ 1500000					
Is a reinspection necessary	?	Yes X No			
Buy To Let Cases					
What is the reasonable rangementh Short Assured Tenal	ge of monthly rental income for the property assuming a letting on a 6 ncy basis?	£ N/A			
Is the property in an area w	there there is a steady demand for rented accommodation of this type?	Yes No			
Declaration					
Signed	Security Print Code [476518 = 6118] Electronically signed by:-				
Surveyor's name	Michael G McDonald				
Professional qualifications	MRICS BLE				
Company name	DM Hall LLP				
Address	27 High Street, Elgin, IV30 1EE				
Telephone 01343 548501					
Fax	Fax 01343 548501				
Report date	30th October 2024				

PROPERTY QUESTIONNAIRE





Property address	MAINS OF AUCHINDACHY, KEITH, AB55 5HT
Seller(s)	Laura Torrance
Completion date of property questionnaire	23rd October 2023

Note for sellers

- Please complete this form carefully. It is important that your answers are correct.
- The information in your answers will help ensure that the sale of your house goes smoothly. Please answer each question with as much detailed information as you can.
- If anything changes after you fill in this questionnaire but before the date of entry for the sale of your house, tell your solicitor or estate agent immediately.

Information to be given to prospective buyer(s)

1.	Length of ownership				
	How long have you owned the property? 13 years & 4 months				
2.	Council tax				
	Which Council Tax band is your property in? (Please circle)				
	A B C D E F G H				
3.	Parking				
	What are the arrangements for parking at your property?				
	(Please tick all that apply)				
	● Garage ✓				
	Allocated parking space				
	• Driveway 🗸				
	Shared parking				
	On street				
	Resident permit				
	Metered parking				
	Other (please specify): Plus Car Port				
4.	Conservation area				
	Is your property in a designated Conservation Area (i.e. an area of special architectural or historical interest, the character or appearance of which it is desirable to preserve or enhance)? Yes / No / Don't know				

5.	Listed buildings						
	Is your property a Listed Building, or contained within one (i.e. a building recognised and approved as being of special architectural or historical interest)?	Yes / No					
6.	Alterations/additions/extensions						
a.	(i) During your time in the property, have you carried out any structural alterations, additions or extensions (for example, provision of an extra bath/shower room, toilet, or bedroom)?	Yes / No					
	If you have answered yes, please describe below the changes which you have made:						
	No - not to the Main House but I built the Wee House in the garden which is a separate council tax band A dwelling.						
	(ii) Did you obtain planning permission, building warrant, completion certificate and other consents for this work?	Yes / No					
	If you have answered yes, the relevant documents will be needed by the purchaser and you should give them to your solicitor as soon as possible for checking.						
	If you do not have the documents yourself, please note below who has these documents and your solicitor or estate agent will arrange to obtain them:						
b.	Have you had replacement windows, doors, patio doors or double glazing installed in your property?	Yes / No					
	If you have answered yes, please answer the three questions below:						
	(i) Were the replacements the same shape and type as the ones you replaced?	Yes / No					
	(ii) Did this work involve any changes to the window or door openings?	Yes / No					
	(iii) Please describe the changes made to the windows, doors or patio doors (with approximate dates when the work was completed):						
	Old wooden single pane conservatory in Annexe was replaced with new double glazed uPVC conservatory and patio door (July 2016). Two old single pane roof windows were replaced in the Annexe with two double glazed velux windows (2021) One old single pane roof window replaced with a double glazed velux window in the Main House (2022) and also the patio doors were replaced with new double glazed uPVC doors (Oct 2020).						
	Please give any guarantees which you received for this work to your solicitor or estate agent.						

7.	Central heating	
a.	Is there a central heating system in your property? (Note: a partial central heating system is one which does not heat all the main rooms of the property - the main living room, the bedroom(s), the hall and the bathroom). If you have answered yes / partial - what kind of central heating is there? (Examples: gas-fired, solid fuel, electric storage heating, gas warm air). Main House - Oil /Annexe Electric/ Wee House Gas If you have answered yes, please answer the three questions below:	Yes / No / Partial
b.	When was your central heating system or partial central heating system installed?	Main House 2010 / Annexe 2016 / Wee House 2019
C.	Do you have a maintenance contract for the central heating system? If you have answered yes, please give details of the company with which you have a maintenance contract: Main House (No Maintenance Contract) but serviced regularly by NorthEast Boilers in Turriff - the Boiler annually & Rayburn every 6 months. The Boiler for the Wee House has a Maintenance Contract with IDEAL (Domestic & General) - the annual service Oct/Nov	Yes / No
d.	When was your maintenance agreement last renewed? (Please provide the month and year).	Covered since completion of the Wee House
8.	Energy Performance Certificate	
	Does your property have an Energy Performance Certificate which is less than 10 years old?	Yes / No
9.	Issues that may have affected your property	
a.	Has there been any storm, flood, fire or other structural damage to your property while you have owned it?	Yes / Ne
	If you have answered yes, is the damage the subject of any outstanding insurance claim?	Yes / No
b.	Are you aware of the existence of asbestos in your property? If you have answered yes, please give details:	Yes / No

Jup	ase tick which services are plier:	connected to	your property and give details	of the		
	Services	Connected	Supplier			
	Gas / liquid petroleum gas	✓	✓ Calor Gas (the Wee House)			
	Water mains / private water supply	✓	Mains Supply			
	Electricity	✓	Octopus			
	Mains drainage					
	Telephone	✓	Talktalk			
	Cable TV / satellite					
	Broadband	✓	Talktalk			
	ou have answered yes, please			Yes / Ne Don't kno		
` '	Do you have a maintenance con have answered yes, pleas a maintenance contract:	-	septic tank?	Yes / No		

11.	Responsibilities for Shared or Common Areas	
a.	Are you aware of any responsibility to contribute to the cost of anything used jointly, such as the repair of a shared drive, private road, boundary, or garden area?	Yes / Ne / Den't Knew
	If you have answered yes, please give details:	
	The tree belt area (belonging to Mains of Auchindachy) and located at the front of the Main House has an agreed shared cost to maintain the boundary stock fencing around this area and to allow for the Farmer to have access to the water trough, water pipes and for maintaining this boundary fence.	
b.	Is there a responsibility to contribute to repair and maintenance of the roof, common stairwell or other common areas?	Yes / No / Not applicable
	If you have answered yes, please give details:	
C.	Has there been any major repair or replacement of any part of the roof during the time you have owned the property?	Yes / No
d.	Do you have the right to walk over any of your neighbours' property - for example to put out your rubbish bin or to maintain your boundaries?	Yes / No
	If you have answered yes, please give details:	
e.	As far as you are aware, do any of your neighbours have the right to walk over your property, for example to put out their rubbish bin or to maintain their boundaries?	Yes / No
	If you have answered yes, please give details:	
	As mentioned before - access to maintain stock fencing around tree belt area	
f.	As far as you are aware, is there a public right of way across any part of your property? (public right of way is a way over which the public has a right to pass, whether or not the land is privately-owned.)	Yos / No
	If you have answered yes, please give details:	
12.	Charges associated with your property	
a.	Is there a factor or property manager for your property?	Yes / No
	If you have answered yes, please provide the name and address, and give details of any deposit held and approximate charges:	

b.	Is there a common buildings insurance policy?	Yos / No /
	If you have answered yes, is the cost of the insurance included in your monthly/annual factor's charges?	Yes / No / Den't Knew
C.	Please give details of any other charges you have to pay on a regular basis for the upkeep of common areas or repair works, for example to a residents' association, or maintenance or stair fund.	
13.	Specialist works	
a.	As far as you are aware, has treatment of dry rot, wet rot, damp or any other specialist work ever been carried out to your property?	Yes / No
	If you have answered yes, please say what the repairs were for, whether you carried out the repairs (and when) or if they were done before you bought the property:	
b.	As far as you are aware, has any preventative work for dry rot, wet rot, or damp ever been carried out to your property?	Yos / No
	If you have answered yes, please give details:	
C.	If you have answered yes to 13(a) or (b), do you have any guarantees relating to this work?	Yes / No
	If you have answered yes, these guarantees will be needed by the purchaser and should be given to your solicitor as soon as possible for checking. If you do not have them yourself please write below who has these documents and your solicitor or estate agent will arrange for them to be obtained. You will also need to provide a description of the work carried out. This may be shown in the original estimate.	
	Guarantees are held by:	

14.	Guarantees						
a.	Are there any guarantees or warranties for any of the following:						
(i)	Electrical work	No	Yos	Don't know	With title doods	Lost	Cannot Answer*
(ii)	Roofing	No	¥es	Don't know	With title doods	Lost	Cannot Answor*
(iii)	Central heating	No	Yos	Den't know	With title doods	Lost	Cannot Answor*
(iv)	NHBC	No	Yos	Don't know	With title doods	Lost	Cannot Answor*
(v)	Damp course	No	¥es	Don't know	With title doods	Lost	Cannot Answor*
(vi)	Any other work or installations? (for example, cavity wall insulation, underpinning, indemnity policy)	No	Yes	Don't know	With title doods	Lost	Cannot Answer*
b.	If you have answered 'yes' or 'with title deeds', please give details of the work or installations to which the guarantee(s) relate(s):						
c.	Are there any outstanding claims under any of the guarantees listed above? If you have answered yes, please give details:					Yes / No	
15.	Boundaries						
	So far as you are aware, has any boundary o last 10 years? If you have answered yes, please give details		operty be	een move	ed in the	Yes Don'	/ No / Lknow

16.	Notices that affect your property	
	In the past 3 years have you ever received a notice:	
a.	advising that the owner of a neighbouring property has made a planning application?	Yes / No / Den't know
b.	that affects your property in some other way?	Yes / No / Don't know
C.	that requires you to do any maintenance, repairs or improvements to your property?	Yes / No / Den't knew
	If you have answered yes to any of a-c above, please give the notices to your so agent, including any notices which arrive at any time before the date of entry of t your property.	olicitor or estate he purchaser of

Declaration by the seller(s)/or other authorised body or person(s)

I/We confirm that the information in this form is true and correct to the best of my/our knowledge and belief.

Signature(s):			
·			
Date:			



ABERDEEN

aberdeen_residential@dmhall.co.uk01224 594172

AYR

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DUMFRIES

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DUNDEE

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DUNFERMLINE

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FALKIRK

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INVERURIE

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IRVINE

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KIRKCALDY

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LIVINGSTON

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OBAN

oban-admin@dmhall. co.uk 01631 564225

PAISLEY

Enquiries are now dealt with at our Glasgow Hub.

PERTH

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PETERHEAD

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ST ANDREWS

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